



Baobab Women's Project C.I.C. Complaints Policy

1. Policy statement - Complaints Handling

Baobab Women's Project C.I.C. (the **CIC**) views complaints as an opportunity to learn and improve for the future, as well as a chance to put things right for the person or organisation that has made the complaint. Our policy is:

- to provide a fair complaints procedure which is clear and easy to use for anyone wishing to make a complaint;
- to publicise the existence of our complaints procedure so that people know how to contact us to make a complaint;
- to make sure everyone at the CIC knows what to do if a complaint is received;
- to make sure all complaints are investigated fairly and in a timely way;
- to make sure that complaints are, wherever possible, resolved and that relationships are repaired; and
- to gather information which helps us to improve what we do.

2. Definitions of a complaint

- A complaint is any expression of dissatisfaction, whether justified or not, about any aspect of the CIC.
- Complaints may come from donors and other individuals who we contact about our work, or any other person or organisation with an interest in the CIC and its activities.
- A complaint can be received verbally, by phone, by email, through social media or in writing.

3. Confidentiality

All complaint information will be handled sensitively, telling only those who need to know and following any relevant data protection requirements.

4. Responsibility

Overall responsibility for this policy and its implementation lies with the Board of Directors of the CIC.

5. Review

This policy is reviewed regularly and updated as required.

6. Complaints Procedure

- Written complaints may be sent to the CIC at C/O Jericho Building, 196-198 Edward Rd, Balsall Heath, Birmingham B12 9LX or by email to directors@baobabwomen.co.uk
- Verbal complaints may be made by phone or in person to any of the CIC's staff, volunteers or Directors.
- Complaints can also be made directly to The Office of the Regulator of Community Interest Companies (the **CIC Regulator**) or, if the complaint relates to the use of the complainant's personal information by the CIC, to the Information Commissioner's Office (the **ICO**) (see paragraph 11).

7. Receiving complaints

Complaints may arrive through channels publicised for that purpose or through any other contact details or opportunities the complainant may have. Complaints received by telephone or in person need to be recorded. The person who receives a phone or in person complaint should:

- write down the facts of the complaint;
- take the complainant's name, address and telephone number;
- note down the relationship of the complainant to the CIC (e.g. mailing list member or donor);
- tell the complainant that the CIC has a complaints procedure;
- tell the complainant what will happen next and how long it will take; and
- where appropriate, ask the complainant to send a written account by post or by email so that the complaint is recorded in the complainant's own words.

8. Resolving complaints – Stage One

In many cases, a complaint is best resolved by the person responsible for the issue being complained about. If the complaint has been received by that person, they may be able to resolve it swiftly and should do so if possible and appropriate. Whether or not the complaint has been resolved, the complaint information should be passed to the Director within one week.

- On receiving the complaint, the Director records it in the complaints log. If it has not already been resolved, they delegate an appropriate person to investigate it and to take appropriate action.
- If the complaint relates to a specific person, they should be informed and given a fair opportunity to respond.
- Complaints should be acknowledged by the person handling the complaint within a week. The acknowledgement should say who is dealing with the complaint and when the person complaining can expect a reply. A copy of this complaints procedure should be attached.
- Ideally, complainants should receive a definitive reply within four weeks. If this is not possible – because, for example, an investigation has not been fully completed – a progress report should be sent with an indication of when a full reply will be given.
- Whether the complaint is justified or not, the reply to the complainant should describe the action taken to investigate the complaint, the conclusions from the investigation, and any action taken as a result of the complaint.

9. Resolving complaints – Stage Two

- If the complainant feels that the problem has not been satisfactorily resolved at Stage One, they can request that the complaint is reviewed at Board level. At this stage, the complaint will be passed to the Non-Executive Directors.
- The request for Board level review should be acknowledged within a week of receiving it. The acknowledgement should say who will deal with the case and when the complainant can expect a reply.
- The Non-Executive Directors may investigate the facts of the case themselves or delegate a suitably senior person to do so. This may involve reviewing the paperwork of the case and speaking with the person who dealt with the complaint at Stage One.
- If the complaint relates to a specific person, they should be informed and given a further opportunity to respond.
- The person who dealt with the original complaint at Stage One should be kept informed of what is happening.
- Ideally, complainants should receive a definitive reply within four weeks. If this is not possible because for example, an investigation has not been fully completed, a progress report should be sent with an indication of when a full reply will be given.
- Whether the complaint is upheld or not, the reply to the complainant should describe the action taken to investigate the complaint, the conclusions from the investigation, and any action taken as a result of the complaint.

- The decision taken at this stage is final, unless the Board decides it is appropriate to seek external assistance with resolution.

10. Variation of the complaints procedure

The Board may vary this procedure if it has good reason for doing so, such as a conflict of interest. For example, if the complaint was about a Non-Executive Director, it would not be appropriate for them to be involved in a Stage Two review.

11. Complaints to a regulator

- A complainant can complain to the CIC Regulator at any stage. A link to the CIC Regulator's website is [here](#).
- If the complaint relates to the use of the complainant's personal information by the CIC the complainant may complain to the ICO. Information about the kind of complaints the ICO can involve itself in and how it deals with complaints can be found on its [website](#).
- In the event a regulator receives a complaint in relation to the CIC, the CIC will cooperate with that regulator as appropriate.

12. Monitoring and learning from complaints

Complaints are reviewed annually to identify any trends which may indicate a need to take further action.

Information

This policy should be circulated to all Baobab employees, the Management Committee members and volunteers.

This policy will be reviewed annually by the Baobab Directors.

Date policy approved November 2023

Last review date January 2024

Next review date November 2024